Examination Procedure Outline for

Retail Computing Scales

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It is recommended that this outline be followed for electronic digital indicating and mechanical analog-indicating retail computing scales and prepackaging scales. Requirements that apply only to scales marked with an accuracy class are indicated with an asterisk (*). Non-retroactive requirements are followed by the applicable date in parentheses.

SAFETY NOTES

When excerpting this Examination Procedure Outline for duplication, the EPO Safety Annex (Safety Considerations and Glossary of Safety Key Phrases) should be duplicated and included with this outline.

Prior to beginning any inspection, the inspector should read and be familiar with the EPO Safety Annex - "Safety Considerations and Glossary of Safety Key Phrases." The terms and key phrases in each safety reminder of this outline are found in the glossary of the EPO Safety Annex. The inspector is reminded of the importance of evaluating potential safety hazards prior to an inspection and taking adequate precautions to avoid personal injury or damage to the device. As a minimum, the following safety precautions should be noted and followed during the inspection.

Safety policies and regulations vary among jurisdictions. It is essential that inspectors or servicepersons be aware of all safety regulations and policies in place at the inspection site and to practice their employer's safety policies. The safety reminders included in this EPO contain general guidelines useful in alerting inspectors and servicepersons to the importance of taking adequate precautions to avoid personal injury. These guidelines can only be effective in improving safety when coupled with training in hazard recognition and control.

Electrical Hazards Personal Protection Equipment

First Aid Kit

e.g., Safety Shoes Lifting

Support – for Scale and Test weights Location

also: **Transportation of Equipment**

Wet and Slick Conditions

Chemicals. Petroleum Products and

Hazardous Materials

Obstructions

H-44 General Code and Scales Code References

Inspection:

SAFETY REMINDER!!!

- Check the inspection site carefully for safety hazards and take appropriate precautions.
- Learn the nature of hazardous products used at or near the inspection site.
- Use personal protection equipment appropriate for the inspection site.
- Be sure that a first aid kit is available and that the kit is appropriate for the type of inspection activity

., S.2.1.1.,
.2.2.(d)
UR.2.2.,
2.4.

SAFTEY REMINDER!!!

- Check to be sure the scale supports are adequate to support the scale <u>and</u> test weights equal to the capacity of the scale!

Accessibility for inspection, testing, and sealing	G-UR.2.3.
Testing devices at a central location.	
Assistance	
Position, customer readability.	G-UR.3.3., S.1.8.3.
Level indicating means and condition.	
Maintenance, use, and environmental factors cleanliness, obstructions,	
modifications, etc.).	G-S.2.,G-UR.1.2.,
	G-UR.3.1.,G-UR.3.2.,
	UR.3.5.,G-UR.4.,
	UR.2.3., UR.4.3.
3. Marking.	S.6.3., S.5.1.* (1/1/86),
	S.6.2, G-S.1.1. (1/1/04),
	G-S.5.2.4.
a. Marking requirements – all devices	
- Identification	G-S.1.
Name, initials, or trademark of manufacturer or distributor	Retroactive
Model identifier	Retroactive

Retail Computing Scales

	H-44 General Code and Scales Code References
Inspection (cont.):	
•	G-S.1. (cont.)
Model identifier prefix	(1/1/03)
acceptable abbreviations for "model" and "number	(1/1/03)
Nonrepetitive serial number	(1/1/68)
Serial number prefix	(1/1/86)
acceptable abbreviations for "serial" and "number"	(1/1/01)
Current software version or revision identifier (for not-built-for-	
purpose software based devices)	(1/1/04)
Software version or identifier preface (for not-built-for-purpose	
software based devices.	(1/1/07)
Acceptable abbreviations for version, revision, and number	(1/1/07)
NTEP CC prefix and number (for devices that have an NTEP CC)	(1/1/03)
Devices or main elements remanufactured after January 1, 2002	
Name, initials, or trademark of last remanufacturer or distributor,	
model designation if different from original model	
designation.	(1/1/02)
Lettering.	
Operational controls, indications, and features	
Visibility of identification.	
Interchange or reversal of parts.	G-S.4.
b. Marking requirements – weighing, load-receiving, and indicating element in	
same housing or covered on the same CC (in addition to marking for all	
devices)	
Accuracy class	(1/1/86)
Nominal capacity	Retroactive
Value of scale division with nominal capacity, if not apparent	(1/1/83)
Value of "e" (if different from "d")	(1/1/86)
Temperature limits if narrower than and within -10 ℃ to 40 ℃ (14 ℉	
to 104 °F)	(1/1/86)
Scales designed for special purposes	(1/1/86)
c. Marking requirements - indicating element not permanently attached or	
covered on separate CC (in addition to marking for all devices)	
Accuracy class	(1/1/86)
Nominal capacity	Retroactive
Value of scale division with nominal capacity, if not apparent	(1/1/83)
Value of "e" (if different from "d")	(1/1/86)
Temperature limits if narrower than and within -10 °C to 40 °C (14 °F	
to 104 °F)	(1/1/86)
Scales designed for special purposes	(1/1/86)
Maximum number of scale divisions (n _{max})	(1/1/88)

Inspection (cont.):

d. Marking requirements - weighing and load-receiving element not permanently attached or covered on separate CC (in addition to marking for	
all devices).	
Accuracy class	(1/1/88)
Nominal capacity	Retroactive
Temperature limits if narrower than and within -10 °C to 40 °C (14 °F	
to 104 °F)	(1/1/86)
Scales designed for special purposes	(1/1/86)
Maximum number of scale divisions (n _{max})	(1/1/88)
Minimum verification scale division for which device complies with	
the requirements (e _{min} or d).	(1/1/88)
e. Marking requirements - load cell with Certificate of Conformance (in	
addition to marking for all devices)	
Note: Requires information on a data plate attached to the load cell or in an	
accompanying document. If a document is provided, the serial number	(1./1./00)
shall appear on the load cell and in the document	(1/1/88)
Manufacturer's name or trademark, model designation, model prefix,	
and serial number and prefix shall also be marked on both the	
load cell and in any accompanying documents	(1/1/91)
Accuracy class	(1/1/86)
Temperature limits if narrower than and within -10 °C to 40 °C (14 °F	
to 104 °F)	(1/1/86)
Maximum number of divisions(1/1/88)	(1/1/88)
"S" or "M" for single or multiple cell applications	(1/1/88)
Direction of loading, if not obvious	(1/1/88)
Minimum dead load, maximum capacity, safe load limit, and load cell	
verification interval (v _{min})	(1/1/88)
v _{min} stated in mass units	(1/1/01)
4. Indicating and recording elements.	
Value of scale division	S.1.2.* (1/1/86), S.1.2.1.
	(1/1/89), S.1.2.2.1.*,
	S.1.2.2.2.*, S.5.3.,
	UR.1.1.(b), G-S.5.3.,
	G-S.5.3.1., UR.1.3.
	(1/1/86)
Customer Indications.	
Prepackaging scales only	
Value of tare division. Tare mechanism.	
Combined zero-tare ("0/T") key.	
Appropriateness of design.	
1 pp 1 op 1 de oi 6 de	S.1.4., S.1.8.1., S.1.8.2.,
	(1/1/86), S.1.8.3. (1/1/01),
	S.1.9.2. S.5.2.,* S.5.4.
	(1/1/94)

Retail Computing Scales

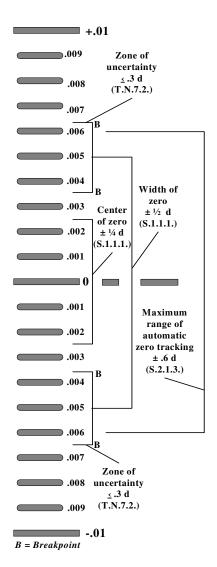
	H-44 General Code and Scales Code References
Inspection (cont.):	
Prepackaging scales only	UR.3.2.,G-UR.1.1. S.2.5. S.1.10. S.1.11.(a) (1/1/79),
5. Weighing elements Antifriction means	S.4.2. S.4.3. S.3.2., UR.3.6.
Tolerances. 1. Acceptance/maintenance. 2. Application. 3. Tolerance values: Determine number of scale divisions (n)	
$n = \frac{\text{Scale capacity}}{\text{Value of the scale division}}$	
If scale is marked with an accuracy designation.	T.N.2.1., T.N.2.3., T.N.2.4., T.N.3.1., Table 6 (Class III), T.N.3.2., T.N.4.4., T.N.5.
If scale is unmarked but n equals 5000 or less.	T.1.1., T.N.2.1., T.N.2.3., T.N.2.4., T.N.3.1./Table 6 (Class III), T.N.3.2., T.N.4.3., T.N.5.
Operating temperature unmarked scales Unmarked postal & parcel post scales Discrimination Accuracy of Field Standards Minimum Test Weights and Test Loads	T.1.2. T.N.7.1, T.N.7.2., N.1.5. (1/1/86), N.1.5.1. N.2.

Retail Computing Scales

	H-44 General Code and Scales Code References
Test Notes:	
1. Check repeatability of, and agreement between indications throughout test	G-S.5.2.2.(a), T.N.4.3., T.N.5., G-S.5.4.
2. Recheck zero load balance each time test load is removed	N.1.9., G-UR.4.2.
3. If scale is equipped with a printer, print ticket or label at each test load. Verify;	
the effectiveness of motion detection.	S.2.5.1.(b)
that price calculations based on weight are rounded to the nearest cent	G-S.5.5.,
that any recorded representations for weight, unit price, and total sale agree with their associated corresponding values that are displayed; and	
that the value of the scale division as recorded on the recorded representation is the same as the division value indicated.	UR.1.3. (1/1/86)
4. Electronic scales only - If, during the conduct of the test, the performance of the device is questionable with respect to the zone of uncertainty or the width of zero (see test procedure below), adequate tests should be conducted to determine compliance.	N.1.5. (1/1/86), N.1.5.1.,S.1.1.1.(a), S.1.1.1.(b) (1/1/93)
5. Electronic scales only - If the device is equipped with operational features such as programmable tare and/or unit prices, multiplier keys, sales accumulation, manual weight entries, price retention, two scales with one printer, etc., check proper operation and appropriateness.	

H-44 General Code and Scales Code References

Test Notes (cont.):



This example of Automatic Zero-Tracking and the Width of Zero test is based on a scale division of 0.01 lb. The principles used in this example can also be used to test scales with other division sizes, including scales indicating in metric units.

Automatic Zero-Tracking test:

Test action Required Indication

a. Zero scale 0.00 lb b. Apply 0.007 lb +0.01 lb

(Repeat three times. Three failures will result in scale rejection.)

c. Zero scale 0.00 lb d. Apply 0.007 lb +0.01 lb e. Zero Scale 0.00 lb

f. Remove 0.007 lb -0.01 lb or a below zero indication

(Repeat three times. Three successive failures will result in scale rejection. If scale passes go to the next test)

Width of Zero test:

Test action Required Indication

a. Zero scale 0.00 lb

b. Apply 0.007 lb +0.01 lb

c. Zero scale 0.00 lb

d. Remove 0.007 lb -0.01 lb or a below zero indication.

e. Apply 0.015 lb +0.01 lb Stable

(Three successive failures will result in rejection.)

Note: The Width of Zero test is predecessor to the test for discrimination and may be performed on scales manufactured prior to 1986. For scales manufactured on or after 1/1/86, the test for discrimination applies.

Important: Apply or remove the test weights all at once in both tests. Use forceps if necessary.

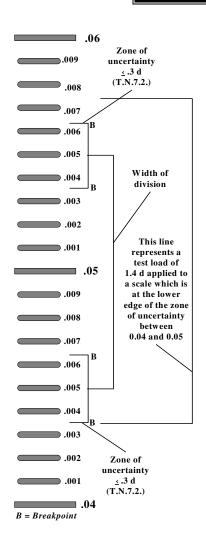
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Test for Electronic Scales:

1. Test for discrimination at or near zero load (if environmental conditions permit). N.1.5. (1/1/86), N.1.5.1.

SAFTEY REMINDER!!!

- WEAR SAFETY SHOES!
- USE PROPER LIFTING TECHNIQUES!



This example of a discrimination test at or near zero load is based on a scale division of 0.01 lb. The principles used in this example can also be used to test scales with other division sizes, including scales indicating in metric units.

- With the device at zero, place decimal weights on scale equal to 1d.
- b. Zero the scale and place a test load equal to 5d on the load receiving element.
- c. Remove the decimal weights in 0.1d increments until the indication flickers between 0.04 lb and 0.05 lb. If the indication does not flicker but indicates a steady 0.04 lb, add 0.1d. If the scale indicates 0.05 lb, it is at the breakpoint in the zone of uncertainty. (remove the 0.1d if it was used to verify the breakpoint.)
- d. Add a test load equal to 1.4d to the scale (0.014 lb)
- e. The indication should read a steady 0.06 lb.
- f. If the scale passes this test at a load near zero, the test should be performed near the maximum test load.

H-44 General Code and Scales Code References

Test for Electronic Scales (cont.):

2. Increasing-load test¹ (with the load centered) at the following minimum test loads (20d):

For scales indicating in metric units:

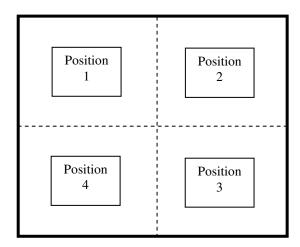
- 100 grams; then at each 500 grams to 2.5 kilograms; at 500 gram to 2.5 kilogram intervals thereafter to an amount equal to the shift-test load (i.e., a test-weight load equal to at least 30% of scale capacity, but not to exceed 35% of scale capacity).

For other scales:

- 0.50 pound; then at each pound to 5 pounds; at 1, 2, or 5-pound intervals thereafter to an amount equal to the shift-test load, (i.e., a test-weight load equal to at least 30% of scale capacity, but not to exceed 35% of scale capacity).



Test weight position



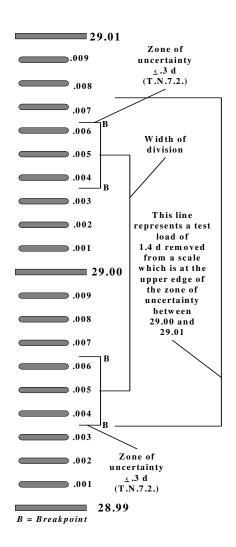
Shift Test Positions - Electronic Scales

4. Continue increasing - load test:

For scales indicating in metric units - at 2.5-kilogram intervals to capacity. For other scales - at 5-pound intervals to capacity.

¹ For scales that are not marked with an accuracy classification and have less than 1000 scale divisions, use the following procedure: begin test at 20d; then test at 0.50 pound and at each pound thereafter to capacity, including test loads at 1/4, 1/2, and 3/4 capacity.

Test for Electronic Scales (cont.):



This example of a discrimination test near capacity is based on a scale division of 0.01 lb at a test load of 29.00 lb. The principles used in this example can also be used to test scales with other division sizes and capacities, including scales indicating in metric units.

- a. With the scale at zero, add decimal weights equal to 1.4d and zero the device.
- b. Add test weights to make the scale indicate a weight value near capacity (e.g., 29.00 lb)
- c. With the scale stable, add decimal weights in 0.1d increments until the indication flickers between 29.00 lb and 29.01 lb. If the indication shows a steady 29.01 lb, remove 0.1d. If the scale indicates 29.00 lb it is at the breakpoint in the zone of uncertainty. (Replace the 0.1d if it was used to verify the breakpoint)
- d. Remove the 1.4d test load (0.014 lb)
- e. The scale should indicate a steady 28.99 lb.
- f. If the test passes near the maximum capacity, the test should be performed near zero.

H-44 General Code and **Scales Code References**

Test for Electronic Scales (cont.):

more scale divisions (d), test with loads equal to the maximum test load at each tolerance value. For example, on a Class III scale, at test loads equal to 4000d, 2000d, and 500d; for all other scales, the test load shall be equal to one-half of the N.1.2.2. 10. Test for proper design of automatic zero-tracking mechanism, if the scale is so Under normal operating conditions the maximum load that can be "rezeroed" when placed on or removed from the platform all at once, shall be 0.6 scale division for scales manufactured between January 1, 1981 and January 1, 2007

and 0.5 scale division for scales manufactured after January 1, 2007.

8. Decreasing-load test - for scales marked with an accuracy class and having 1000 or

- 12. If scale is equipped with a semi-automatic zero-tracking mechanism, test effectiveness of motion detection. S.2.1.2.(b)
- 13. Establish correct zero-load balance. N.1.9., G-UR.4.2.

Test for Mechanical Scales:

SAFTEY REMINDER!!!

- WEAR SAFETY SHOES!
- **USE PROPER LIFTING TECHNIQUES!**
- 1. Increasing-load test (include test loads of 500d, 2000d, and 4000d as part of this
 - For scales that indicate in metric units: test loads of 30, 100, 200, and 500
 - For other scales: test loads of 1, 3, 7, and 15 ounces or 0.05, 0.15, 0.45, and 0.95 pounds centered,

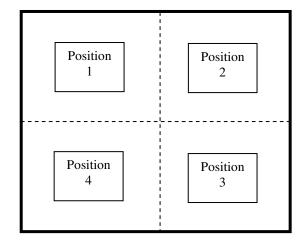
Then check:

- For scales that indicate in metric units at each 500 grams to one quarter capacity
- For other scales at each pound to one-quarter capacity.

Test for Mechanical Scales (cont.):



Test weight position



Shift Test Positions - Mechanical Scales

- 3. Continue increasing-load test at one-half, three-quarters, and nominal capacity............ N.1.1.

5. Decreasing-load test. N.1.2.

- 6. Recheck zero-load balance. N.1.9., G-UR.4.2
- 7. Money-value test. Check chart or drum at several points. G-S.5.1

Retail Computing Scales

H-44 General Code and Scales Code References

Test for Mechanical Scales (cont.):

8. The money value computation (analog indications) does not exceed: S.1.8.1., S.1.8.2.

Maximum Money Value Interval	Price / Kilogram	Price / Pound
\$0.01	\$0.55 or less	\$0.25 or less
\$0.02	\$0.56 to \$2.75	\$0.26 to \$1.25
\$0.05	\$2.76 to \$7.50	\$1.26 to \$3.40
\$0.10	greater than \$7.50	greater than \$3.40

9. Money value computation (analog quantity indications/digital money values)...S.1.8.3.

SAFETY REMINDER!!!

- Secure all test equipment when transporting it to next location.